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# DRACO ITALIANA S.p.A. DRAP207 - EPOWALL ALM Comp. A

Revision nr.2 Dated 26/07/2021 Printed on 26/07/2021 Page n. 1 / 19 Replaced revision:1 (Dated 04/09/2020)

# **Safety Data Sheet**

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2015/830

# SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Code: DRAP207

Product name EPOWALL ALM Comp. A

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use Part of an epoxy coating

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name DRACO ITALIANA S.p.A. Full address Via Monte Grappa, 11 D-E

District and Country 20067 Tribiano (MI)

Italia

Tel. +39 02.90632917 Fax +39 02.90631976

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet info@draco-edilizia.it

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to Centro Antiveleni di Bergamo 800883300 (Azienda Ospedaliera Papa Giovanni XXII)

Centro Antiveleni di Firenze 0557947819 (Az. Osp. "Careggi" U.O. Tossicologia

Medica)

Centro Antiveleni di Foggia 80018345 (Az. Osp. Univ. Foggia) Centro Antiveleni di Milano 0266101029 (Osp. Niguarda Ca' Granda) Centro Antiveleni di Napoli 0817472870 (Az. Osp. "A. Cardarelli")

Centro Antiveleni di Pavia 038224444 (CAV Centro Nazionale di Informazione

Tossicologica)

Centro Antiveleni di Roma 063054343 (CAV Policlinico "A. Gemelli") Centro Antiveleni di Roma 0649978000 (CAV Policlinico "Umberto I")

Centro Antiveleni di Roma 06 68593726 (CAV "Osp. Pediatrico Bambino Gesù" Dip.

Emergenza e Accettazione DEA)

# **SECTION 2. Hazards identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2015/830. Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Eye irritation, category 2 H319 Causes serious eye irritation. Skin irritation, category 2 H315 Causes skin irritation.

Skin sensitization, category 1A H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

toxicity, category 2

## 2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:



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#### SECTION 2. Hazards identification .../>>

Signal words: Warning

Hazard statements:

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

**P280** Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.

**P273** Avoid release to the environment.

P391 Collect spillage.

P261 Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.
P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice / attention.
P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice / attention.

Contains: Reaction product: bisphenol-F-epichlorohydrin and epoxy resins (average molecular weight <= 700)

Oxirane, mono [(C12-14- alkyloxy) methyl] derivatives

2,2-bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane

Acidi-grassi,-C14-18-e-C16-18-insaturi,-2-fenossietil esteri, maleati

Anidride maleica

#### 2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

# **SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification x = Conc. % Classification 1272/2008 (CLP)

2,2-bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane

CAS 1675-54-3 30 ≤ x < 50 Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Skin Sens. 1 H317, Aquatic Chronic 2 H411

EC 216-823-5

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Reg. no. 01-2119456619-26-XXXX

Oxirane, mono [(C12-14- alkyloxy) methyl] derivatives

CAS 68609-97-2 3 ≤ x < 9 Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Skin Sens. 1 H317

EC 271-846-8 INDEX 603-103-00-4

Reg. no. 01 2119485289-22-XXXX

Reaction product: bisphenol-F-epichlorohydrin and epoxy resins (average molecular weight <= 700)

CAS 9003-36-5 3 ≤ x < 9 Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Skin Sens. 1 H317, Aquatic Chronic 2 H411

EC 500-006-8

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Reg. no. 01-2119454392-40-XXXX

Acidi-grassi,-C14-18-e-C16-18-insaturi,-2-fenossietil esteri, maleati

CAS  $0.1 \le x < 0.5$  Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Sens. 1A H317

EC 292-835-4

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Reg. no. 01-2120057275-56-0000

Anidride maleica

CAS 108-31-6 0,001 ≤ x < 0,5 Acute Tox. 4 H302, STOT RE 1 H372, Skin Corr. 1B H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318,

Resp. Sens. 1 H334, Skin Sens. 1A H317

EC 203-571-6

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Reg. no. 01-2119472428-31-XXXX

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

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#### **SECTION 4. First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention.

INGESTION: Have the subject drink as much water as possible. Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor.

INHALATION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Take suitable precautions for rescue workers.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

# **SECTION 5. Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

None in particular.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Do not breathe combustion products.

## 5.3. Advice for firefighters

## GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

# **SECTION 6. Accidental release measures**

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

## 6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

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# **SECTION 7. Handling and storage**

# 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Before handling the product, consult all the other sections of this material safety data sheet. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

# **SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

FRA France Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle aux agents chimiques en France. ED 984 - INRS

GBR United Kingdom EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)

TLV-ACGIH ACGIH 2020

		2,2-k	ois-[4-(2,3-epox	ipropoxi)phen	/l]propane				
redicted no-effect cor	ncentration	- PNEC							
Normal value in fresh	n water					0,006	mg/l		
Normal value in marii	ne water	0,001	mg/l						
Normal value for fres	h water sed	0,341	mg/kg						
Normal value for mar	0,034	mg/kg							
Normal value of STP	microorgan	isms				10	mg/l		
Normal value for the	terrestrial co	ompartment				0,065	mg/kg/d		
lealth - Derived no-eff	ect level - D	NEL / DMEL							
	Effects of	n consumers			Effects on v	workers			
Route of exposure	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	
	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	
Oral				0,5					
				mg/kg bw/d					
Inhalation				0,87				4,93	
				mg/m3				mg/m3	
Skin				89,3				0,75	
				μg/kg				mg/kg	
								bw/d	

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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ..../>>

Poacti	on product	hisphanal E ar	nichlorohydrin	and anavy raci	ne lavorado	molecular weigi	ht <- 700)		
redicted no-effect cor	•		demoronyarin	and epoxy resi	iis (average	molecular weigi	11 <= 700)		
Normal value in fresh						0.003	mg/l		
Normal value in mari	0,0003	mg/l							
Normal value for fres		0,294	mg/kg/d						
Normal value for mar	ine water se	0,0294	mg/kg/d						
Normal value for water	er, intermitte	ent release				0,0254	mg/l		
Normal value of STP	microorgan	isms				10	mg/l		
Normal value for the		•				0,237	mg/kg/d		
lealth - Derived no-eff	ect level - D	NEL / DMEL							
	Effects or	n consumers			Effects on workers				
Route of exposure	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	
	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	
Oral				6,25					
				mg/kg bw/d					
Inhalation				8,7				29,39	
				mg/m3				mg/m3	
Skin				62,5		8,3		104,15	
				mg/kg bw/d		μg/cm2		mg/kg	
								bw/d	

		Acidi-grassi,-C1	4-18-e-C16-18-	insaturi,-2-fen	ossietil esteri	, maleati		
Predicted no-effect cor	centration	- PNEC						
Normal value for the t	ood chain (		20	mg/kg				
Health - Derived no-effe	ect level - D	NEL / DMEL						
	Effects o	n consumers			Effects on workers			
Route of exposure	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic
Oral				0,5				
				mg/kg				
Skin				1				
				mg/kg				

				Anidr	ide maleica					
Threshold Limit Val	lue									
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	imin	Remarks / Observations				
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm					
VLEP	FRA			1						
WEL	GBR	1		3						
TLV-ACGIH		0,0025	0,01				Skin, resp	sensitizer		
Predicted no-effect	concentra	tion - PNEC	;							
Normal value in fr		0,04281	mg/l							
Normal value in n	marine wate	r					0,00428	mg/l		
							1			
Normal value for fresh water sediment							0,334	mg/kg		
Normal value for	marine wat	er sediment					0,0334	mg/kg		
Normal value for	water, inter	mittent relea	ase				0,4281	mg/l		
Normal value of S	STP microo	rganisms					44,6	mg/l		
Normal value for	the terrestri	ial compartn	nent				0,0415	mg/l		
Health - Derived no	-effect leve	el - DNEL / I	DMEL							
	Effec	cts on consu	mers			Effects on workers				
Route of exposure	e Acut	e Acu	ite	Chronic	Chronic	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	
	local	sys	temic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	
Inhalation						0,8		0,4		
						mg/m3		mg/m3		
Skin						0,04				
						mg/kg				

Legend:

(C) = CEILING; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction; RESP = Respirable Fraction; THORA = Thoracic Fraction. VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available; NEA = no exposure expected; NPI = no hazard identified.

# 8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

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#### SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection .../>>

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice. Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required. Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

**ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS** 

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

# SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

# 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Properties** Information

Appearance pasty liquid

Colour as showed in color folder Odour characteristic

Odour threshold Not available Not available Melting point / freezing point Initial boiling point Boiling range Flash point 60 °C Evaporation rate Flammability (solid, gas) Lower inflammability limit Upper inflammability limit Lower explosive limit Upper explosive limit Vapour pressure Vapour density g/cc Relative density 1.5 Solubility Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature Not available Viscosity Not available

Not available Not determined Not available Not available

Not available

Not available

#### 9.2. Other information

Explosive properties

Oxidising properties

VOC (Directive 2010/75/EC): 0.99 % - 14.78 g/litre

@ EPY 10.5.2 - SDS 1004.13

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# SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

None in particular. However the usual precautions used for chemical products should be respected.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Information not available

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Information not available

# **SECTION 11. Toxicological information**

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

2,2-bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane

Inhalation: No significant hazards at normal ambient temperatures. Gases or vapors in high concentrations can irritate the respiratory tract.

Ingestion: This product has low toxicity. No adverse effects are expected associated with quantities that may be accidentally ingested. The product irritates the mucous membranes and can cause abdominal discomfort if ingested.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Prolonged and frequent contact can cause redness and irritation.

Eye Contact: Causes serious eye irritation. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain or irritation. Copious eye tearing. Redness.

Oxirane, mono [(C12-14- alkyloxy) methyl] derivatives

Inhalation: May cause respiratory tract irritation.

Ingestion: Gastrointestinal symptoms, including stomach pain.

Skin contact: Irritating to skin. May cause sensitization by skin contact.

Contact with eyes: Irritating to eyes.

Acidi-grassi,-C14-18-e-C16-18-insaturi,-2-fenossietil esteri, maleati

Species: Rat, male and female

NOAEL: 300 mg / kg Method of application: Oral Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

BPL: yes

Target organs: Blood

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

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# SECTION 11. Toxicological information .../>>

Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

**ACUTE TOXICITY** 

ATE (Inhalation) of the mixture:

ATE (Oral) of the mixture:

Not classified (no significant component)

Not classified (no significant component)

ATE (Dermal) of the mixture:

Not classified (no significant component)

Reaction product: bisphenol-F-epichlorohydrin and epoxy resins (average molecular weight <= 700)

 LD50 (Oral)
 > 2000 mg/kg Rat, OECD 420

 LD50 (Dermal)
 > 5000 mg/kg Rat, OECD 401

Oxirane, mono [(C12-14- alkyloxy) methyl] derivatives

LD50 (Oral) 17100 mg/kg Rat

2,2-bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane

 LD50 (Oral)
 > 15000 mg/kg Rat

 LD50 (Dermal)
 23000 mg/kg Rabbit

Acidi-grassi,-C14-18-e-C16-18-insaturi,-2-fenossietil esteri, maleati

LD50 (Oral) 8295 mg/kg Rat, OECD 401

Anidride maleica

LD50 (Oral) 1090 mg/kg Rat, OECD 401 LD50 (Dermal) 2620 mg/kg OECD 401

Reaction product: bisphenol-F-epichlorohydrin and epoxy resins (average molecular weight <= 700)

Acute toxicity - inhalation: in accordance with Annex VII of the REACH Regulation, it is not necessary to conduct the acute toxicity study by inhalation absorption, since oral and dermal absorption studies are available for this substance.

In a rat study according to the OECD standard n. 402 the dermal LD50 was> 2000 mg / kg. In several acute dermal toxicity studies in rabbits, LD50 was> 2000 mg / kg. In a rabbit study a LD50 value of 23 grams / kg was reported.

Oxirane, mono [(C12-14- alkyloxy) methyl] derivatives

Acute toxicity - inhalation: No mortality was observed in rats exposed for 7 hours to saturated vapor (150 mg / m3).

LC50 (4h) 0.206 mg / I, Inhalation, Dusts / mists, Rat (0 Death.)

#### SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Causes skin irritation

2,2-bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane

Causes skin irritation.

Reaction product: bisphenol-F-epichlorohydrin and epoxy resins (average molecular weight <= 700)

Result: Skin - erythema / eschar 404 Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion

Species: rabbit Score: 0.7 Exposure: 4 h Observation: 72 h

Result: Skin - edema 404 Acete Dermal Irritation / Corrosion

Species: rabbit Score: 0 Exposure: 4 h Observation: 4-504 h

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# **SECTION 11. Toxicological information** .../>>

Result: eyes - corneal opacity 405 Acute Eye Irritation / corrosionSpecies: Rabbit

Score: 0

Observation: 1 - 168 h

Result: eyes - Injury of the iris 405 Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion

Species: Rabbit Score: 0

Observation: 1 - 168 h

Result: eyes - Redness of the conjunctiva 405 Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion

Species: rabbit Score: 0

Observation: 1 - 168 h

Result: eyes - conjunctiva edema 405 Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion

Species: rabbit Score: 0

Observation: 1 - 168 h

Result: Skin - Slight irritation

Species: rabbit Exposure: 24 h

Oxirane, mono [(C12-14- alkyloxy) methyl] derivatives

Result: Skin - Primary index of skin irritation (PDII) OTS 798.4450 Acute Dermal Irritation

Species: Rabbit Score: 4.1 Exposure: 24 h Observation: 72 h

Result: Skin - Primary Index of Skin Irritation (PDII) 404 Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion

Species: Rabbit Score: 5.75 Exposure: 24 h Observation: 72 h

Result: eyes - corneal opacity 405 Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion

Species: Rabbit Score: 2

Observation: 1 - 24 h

Species: Skin - Moderately irritating

Species: Rabbit Exposure: 24 h

Acidi-grassi,-C14-18-e-C16-18-insaturi,-2-fenossietil esteri, maleati

Species: Rabbit

Method: OECD Test Guideline 404

Result: No skin irritation

BPL: yes

Anidride maleica Species: Rabbit

Method: No information available. Result: Corrosive to the skin

BPL: no

## SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye irritation

2,2-bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane

Causes serious eye irritation.

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### SECTION 11. Toxicological information .../>>

Acidi-grassi,-C14-18-e-C16-18-insaturi,-2-fenossietil esteri, maleati

Species: Rabbit

Assessment: Irritating to eyes. Result: Irritating to eyes

BPL: yes

Anidride maleica Species: Rabbit

Result: Corrosive to the eyes

BPL: yes

### RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Sensitising for the skin

Reaction product: bisphenol-F-epichlorohydrin and epoxy resins (average molecular weight <= 700)

Species: rabbit Test: OECD 405 Result: no eye irritation

Acidi-grassi.-C14-18-e-C16-18-insaturi.-2-fenossietil esteri, maleati

Test type: Mouse Local Lymph Node assay (LLNA)

Species: Mouse

Assessment: The product is a skin sensitizer, sub-category 1A.

Method: OECD Test Guideline 429

Result: The product is a skin sensitizer, sub-category 1A

Anidride maleica Test type: Buehler Test

Route of exposure: Skin contact

Species: Guinea pig

Method: OECD Test Guideline 406 Result: Causes sensitization.

BPL: yes

Skin sensitization

2,2-bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl] propane

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Reaction product: bisphenol-F-epichlorohydrin and epoxy resins (average molecular weight <= 700)

The Buehler method was used to assess the skin sensitization potential of the liquid epoxy BPFDGE. Ten male guinea pigs were given 0.4 ml of the test substance topically once a week for three weeks. A positive control of BPFDGE liquid epoxy resin was used on ten additional animals. The stimulation phase began two weeks later with the addition of 5 animals exposed to 0.4ml of liquid BPFDGE liquid epoxy resin. The negative control had 0 positive reactions; BPFDGE liquid epoxy resin produced positive reactions in 4 out of 10 guinea pigs and the positive control had 8 out of ten positive reactions. Under the conditions of this study, the test material resulted in delayed hypersensitivity in guinea pigs.

Route of exposure: skin Species: mouse Method: OFCD 429

Result: can cause sensitization in contact with the skin

Oxirane, mono [(C12-14- alkyloxy) methyl] derivatives

In a sensitization study with the Buehler method carried out according to the test specification OTS 870.2600 of the US EPA, positive skin reactions were observed in 20/20 guinea pigs. An extreme sensitizer in a study with maximization test on guinea pig conducted according to the OECD test specification No. 406.

## **GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY**

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Reaction product: bisphenol-F-epichlorohydrin and epoxy resins (average molecular weight <= 700)

Bisphenol F diglycidyl ether induced a gene mutation in the Ames / Salmonella mutation test and chromosomal aberrations in human lymphocytes in multiple independent GLP studies conducted according to test guidelines. Furthermore, the structural analog, bisphenol A diglycidyl ether (BPADGE), induced a significant increase in the frequency of mutations in cultured L5178Y mouse lymphoma cells, supporting the other conclusions. Therefore, BPFDGE is genotoxic in vitro. When the genotoxic potential of bisphenol F diglycidyl ether was evaluated in multiple GLP compliant in vivo tests, including mouse micronucleus tests, UDS in vivo / in vitro tests, and MutaMouse on rat, no evidence of genotoxicity was observed. Results from other in vivo genotoxicity tests also support

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# SECTION 11. Toxicological information .../>>

these negative results for BPFDGE. It is concluded that bisphenol F diglycidyl ether is not genotoxic in vivo.

In vitro genotoxicity:

Metabolic activation: with or without metabolic activation

Method: OECD 471 Result: positive

Metabolic activation: with or without metabolic activation

Method: OECD 473 Result: positive

Metabolic activation: with or without metabolic activation

Method: OECD 476 Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo: Type of gellule: germs Method of application: oral

Result: negative

Type of gellula: somatic Method of application: oral Dose: 0 - 5000 mg / kg Result: negative

Oxirane, mono [(C12-14- alkyloxy) methyl] derivatives

Positive in a bacterial mutation test conducted according to the OECD test specification No. 471 in an experimental Salmonella TA1535 strain with and without metabolic activation with S9. Negative in a gene mutation test on Chinese hamster ovary cells (CHO) HGPRT conducted according to the OECD test specification No. 476 up to cytotoxic levels with and without metabolic activation with S9. Negative in a gene mutation assay on L5178Y / TK mouse lymphoma cells tested up to cytotoxic dose levels. Negative by micronucleus induction (chromosomal damage) in a mouse study conducted according to OECD specification No. 474 up to a high dose of intraperitoneal injection of 4.0 grams / kg. Negative in a study of chromosomal aberrations on rat bone marrow conducted similarly to the OECD test specification No. 475 by intraperitoneal injection, up to a high dose of about 700 mg / kg.

Acidi-grassi,-C14-18-e-C16-18-insaturi,-2-fenossietil esteri, maleati Genotossicità in vitro

Tipo di test: Test di ames

Attivazione metabolica: con o senza attivazione metabolica

Metodo: Linee Guida 471 per il Test dell'OECD

Risultato: negativo

BPL: si

Tipo di test: Aberrazione cromosomica in vitro

Attivazione metabolica: con o senza attivazione metabolica

Metodo: Linee Guida 473 per il Test dell'OECD

Risultato: negativo

BPL: si

Tipo di test: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

(mouse lymphoma)

Attivazione metabolica: con o senza attivazione metabolica

Metodo: Linee Guida 476 per il Test dell'OECD

Risultato: negativo

BPL: si

## **CARCINOGENICITY**

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Reaction product: bisphenol-F-epichlorohydrin and epoxy resins (average molecular weight <= 700)

È stata valutata la capacità del Bisfenolo F diglicidiletere (BPFDGE) di indurre tumori locali e sistemici in uno studio di 24 mesi con test cutaneo ("skin painting") sul topo. Il trattamento cutaneo di topi per due volte alla settimana con una soluzione fino al 10% di diglicidiletere bisfenolo F (BPFDGE) non ha indotto alcun risultato negativo di incidenza di tumori o effetti cutanei locali. Pertanto, il BPFDGE non è da considerare cancerogeno per il topo nelle condizioni di questo studio. Il NOAEL è stato stimato pari a circa 800 mg/kg/die.

Specie: ratto, maschio e femmina

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Modalità di applicazione: oraleTempo diesposizione: 24 mesi

Dosi: 15 mg/kg

Frequenza del trattamento: 7 al giorno

Metodo: OECD 453 Risultato: negativo

Specie: topo, maschio

Modalità di applicazione: dermico Tempo di esposizione: 24 mesi

Dosi: 1 mg/kg

Frequenza del trattamento: 3 al giorno

Metodo: OECD 453 Risultato: negativo

Specie: ratto, femmina

Modalità di applicazione: dermico Tempo di esposizione: 24 mesi

Dosi: 1 mg/kg

Frequenza del trattamento: 5 al giorno

Metodo: OECD 453 Risultato: negativo

Anidride maleica

ACGIH classifica la sostanza cancerogena A4, ovvero non classificabile come cancerogeno per l'uomo.

#### REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Reaction product: bisphenol-F-epichlorohydrin and epoxy resins (average molecular weight <= 700)

The bisphenol A diglycidylether (DGEBPA) has been tested for its embryo / fetal toxicity and teratogenicity in pregnant rabbits. The DGEBPA was applied daily to the back (depilated) of white New Zealand rabbits at doses of 0 (polyethylene glycol, vehicle control), 30, 100 or 300 mg / kg of body weight / day at a volumetric dose of 1 ml / kg of body weight / day on days 6 to 18 of gestation. Twenty-six inseminated rabbits were used per dosage group, obtaining a minimum of 20 pregnant rabbits per exposure level. An occlusive bandage of absorbent gauze and non-absorbent cotton was placed on the dosing area on the back of each rabbit. The bandage was held in place for a minimum of 6 hours / day with a lycra / spandex protective cover. Following the period of occlusion the bandage and the protective wrapper were removed. Maternal toxicity effects were observed among pregnant rabbits in the 300 mg / kg dose group, as evidenced by moderate to severe erythema, fissures, haemorrhages and mild edema at the site of exposure. Similar, but less severe skin lesions were observed in pregnant rabbits in the 100 mg / kg / day exposure group. Effects on the skin (mild erythema) observed in pregnant rabbits in the 30 mg / kg / day group were not considered toxicologically significant. No evidence of embryo / fetotoxicity or teratogenicity was observed at any dose, which results in a level at which no effect (NOEL) is observed at an embryonic / fetal level of 300 mg / kg body weight / day.

Oxirane, mono [(C12-14- alkyloxy) methyl] derivatives

In a dermal toxicological study conducted in the rat according to the US EPA OTS 798.4420 method and according to the OECD test specification No. 414, the NOAEL for adverse effects on both mother and development was above the high dose level of 200 mg / kg / day.

Adverse effects on sexual function and fertility

Reaction product: bisphenol-F-epichlorohydrin and epoxy resins (average molecular weight <= 700)

Species: rat, male and female Method of application: oral Method: OECD 416

Result: There was no effect on fertility and early embryonic development.

Adverse effects on development of the offspring

Reaction product: bisphenol-F-epichlorohydrin and epoxy resins (average molecular weight <= 700)

Species: rabbit, female Method of application: dermal

General toxicity in mothers: no level of harmfulness

observed: 30 mg / kg body weight Result: no teratogenic effect

#### **STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE**

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

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# SECTION 11. Toxicological information .../>>

#### STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Reaction product: bisphenol-F-epichlorohydrin and epoxy resins (average molecular weight <= 700)

NOAEL: 250 mg / kg Species: rat, male and female Method of application: ingestion Exposure time: 13 weeks Number of exposures: 7 d Mode: subchronic toxicity

### **ASPIRATION HAZARD**

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

# **SECTION 12. Ecological information**

This product is dangerous for the environment and is toxic for aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on acquatic environment.

2, 2-bis-[4-(2, 3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl] propane

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### 12.1. Toxicity

Reaction product: bisphenol-F-epichlorohydrin and epoxy resins (average molecular weight <= 700)

EC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum): 1.8 mg / I

Exposure time: 72 h Static test

Method: OECD 201

Metriod. OECD 201

CI50 (activated sludge)> 100 mg / I

Exposure time: 3 h

Static test

Oxirane, mono [(C12-14- alkyloxy) methyl] derivatives

LC50, 96 hour:> 5000 mg / I, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)

LC50, 96 hour: 1800 mg / I, Lepomis macrochirus (Perch) EC50, 72 hours: 843 mg / I, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata NOEC, 72 hours: 500 mg / I, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata

EC50, 3 hours:> 100 mg / I, Activated sludge

Acidi-grassi,-C14-18-e-C16-18-insaturi,-2-fenossietil esteri, maleati

LL50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)):> 100 mg / I

Exposure time: 96 h
Test type: Semi-static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

BPL: yes

EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)):> 100 mg / I

Exposure time: 48 h Test type: Static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

BPL: yes

ErL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata):> 100 mg / I

Exposure time: 72 h Test type: Static test

Method: OECD Test Guidelines 201

BPL: yes

EC50 (activated sludge):> 1,000 mg / I

Exposure time: 3 h

Test type: Breathing inhibitor Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

BPL: yes

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### SECTION 12. Ecological information .../>>

Anidride maleica

CL50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (Trota iridea)): 75 mg/l

Tempo di esposizione: 96 h Tipo di test: Prova statica

BPL: no

CE50 (Daphnia magna (Pulce d'acqua grande)): 42,81 mg/l

Tempo di esposizione: 48 h

Metodo: Linee Guida 202 per il Test dell'OECD

BPL: si

CE50r (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata): 74,35 mg/l

Tempo di esposizione: 72 h

Metodo: Linee Guida 201 per il Test dell'OECD

BPL: si

NOEC: 10 mg/l

Tempo di esposizione: 21 d

Specie: Daphnia magna (Pulce d'acqua grande)

BPL: no

Reaction product: bisphenol-F-epichlorohydrin and epoxy resins (average molecular weight <= 700)

LC50 - for Fish 2,54 mg/l/96h Fish

EC50 - for Crustacea 2,55 mg/l/48h 202 Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilization Test and Reproduction Tes

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants > 1000 mg/l/72h 201 Alga, Growth Inhibition Test
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea 0,3 mg/l Daphnia magna, 21 d, OECD 211 semistatic

Oxirane, mono [(C12-14- alkyloxy) methyl] derivatives

LC50 - for Fish > 5 g/l 203 Fish, Acute Toxicity Test. Bluegill

EC50 - for Crustacea 7,2 mg/l/48h 202 Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilization Test and Reproduction Test

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants 844 mg/l/72h 201 Alga, Growth Inhibition Test

2,2-bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane

LC50 - for Fish 2 mg/l/96h Oncorhynchus mykiss EC50 - for Crustacea 1,8 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants 11 mg/l/72h Selenastrum capricornutum

Chronic NOEC for Crustacea 0,3 mg/l Daphnia magna

Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants 4,2 mg/l Selenastrum capricornutum

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

2,2-bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane Degradazione 12%: 28 giorno OECD 302B

Reaction product: bisphenol-F-epichlorohydrin and epoxy resins (average molecular weight <= 700)

Bisphenol F diglycidyl ether was not readily biodegradable under the conditions of the screening studies according to OECD test specifications Nos. 301 B and 301 D. The maximum rate of biodegradation observed in one of the OECD 301 B studies was 16% per 10 mg / the 28 days of contact.

Inoculum: activated sludge Concentration: 3 mg / I Result: not biodegradable Biodegradation: approx. 0%

Exposure time: 28 d

Method: Directive 67/548 / EEC Annex V C.4.E

Oxirane, mono [(C12-14- alkyloxy) methyl] derivatives

In a study conducted according to OECD Test Specification No. 301 F, biodegradation was 57-655 after 7 days. However, in a study conducted according to OECD Test Specification No. 301 D (unopened bottle) biodegradation was only 34.7% after 28 days.

87% degradation: 28 days OECD 301F

Acidi-grassi,-C14-18-e-C16-18-insaturi,-2-fenossietil esteri, maleati

Result: Not readily biodegradable. Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

BPL: yes

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### SECTION 12. Ecological information .../>>

Anidride maleica

Result: Readily biodegradable. Method: OECD Test Guideline 301 B

BPL: yes

2,2-bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane

NOT rapidly degradable

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

2,2-bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane

Potentially bioaccumulative

Reaction product: bisphenol-F-epichlorohydrin and epoxy resins (average molecular weight <= 700)

BCF: 150 150.00 Potential: low

Oxirane, mono [(C12-14- alkyloxy) methyl] derivatives

BCF: 160 - 263 160.00

Potential: low

Reaction product: bisphenol-F-epichlorohydrin and epoxy resins (average molecular weight <= 700)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 2,7 Log Kow

BCF 150

Oxirane, mono [(C12-14- alkyloxy) methyl] derivatives

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 3,77 Log Kow

2,2-bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 3,242 Log Kow Extimated value

Anidride maleica

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water -2,61 Log Kow 19,8°C pH:4-9

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

2,2-bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane

Low mobility.

Koc: 1800 - 4400 @ 20  $^{\circ}$  C Estimated value.

Anidride maleica Koc: 42, log Koc: 1.63

Reaction product: bisphenol-F-epichlorohydrin and epoxy resins (average molecular weight <= 700)

Partition coefficient: soil/water 4460 OECD 121

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage  $\geq$  than 0,1%.

## 12.6. Other adverse effects

Information not available

# **SECTION 13. Disposal considerations**

# 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

**CONTAMINATED PACKAGING** 

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

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# **SECTION 14. Transport information**

#### 14.1. UN number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 3082

ADR / RID: In accordance with Special Provision 375, this product, when is packed in receptacles of a capacity ≤ 5Kg or 5L, is not

submitted to ADR provisions.

IMDG: In accordance with Section 2.10.2.7 of IMDG Code, this product, when is packed in receptacles of a capacity ≤ 5Kg or

5L, is not submitted to IMDG Code provisions.

IATA: In accordance with SP A197, this product, when is packed in receptacles of a capacity ≤ 5Kg or 5L, is not submitted to

IATA dangerous goods regulations.

### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (2,2-bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane;

Reaction product: bisphenol-F-epichlorohydrin and epoxy resins (average molecular weight ≤ 700))

IMDG: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (2,2-bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane;

Reaction product: bisphenol-F-epichlorohydrin and epoxy resins (average molecular weight ≤ 700))

IATA: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (2,2-bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane;

Reaction product: bisphenol-F-epichlorohydrin and epoxy resins (average molecular weight ≤ 700))

# 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID: Class: 9 Label: 9

IMDG: Class: 9 Label: 9

IATA: Class: 9 Label: 9



### 14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: III

## 14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID: Environmentally Hazardous

IMDG: Marine Pollutant

IATA: Environmentally Hazardous



Limited Quantities: 5 L

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID: HIN - Kemler: 90 Limited Quantities: 5 L Tunnel restriction code: (-)

Special provision: IMDG: EMS: F-A, S-F

IATA: Cargo: Maximum quantity: 450 L Packaging instructions: 964
Pass.: Maximum quantity: 450 L Packaging instructions: 964
Packaging instructions: 964

Special provision: A97, A158, A197, A215

#### EN

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### SECTION 14. Transport information .../>>

#### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Information not relevant

# **SECTION 15. Regulatory information**

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EC:

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

**Product** 

Point 3 - 40

Contained substance

Point 75 Titanium dioxide

Reg. no.: 01-2119489379-17

Point 75 Oxirane, mono [(C12-14- alkyloxy) methyl] derivatives

Reg. no.: 01 2119485289-22-XXXX

Point 75 Nafta solvente (petrolio), aromatica leggera

Reg. no.: 01-2119455851-35-XXX

Regulation (EC) No. 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

Not applicable

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

# **SECTION 16. Other information**

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Acute Tox. 4 Acute toxicity, category 4

STOT RE 1 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 1

Skin Corr. 1BSkin corrosion, category 1BEye Irrit. 2Eye irritation, category 2Skin Irrit. 2Skin irritation, category 2

Resp. Sens. 1 Respiratory sensitization, category 1
Skin Sens. 1 Skin sensitization, category 1
Skin Sens. 1A Skin sensitization, category 1A

Aquatic Chronic 2 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

**H372** Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H315 Causes skin irritation.

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

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#### SECTION 16. Other information .../>>

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

#### **GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY**

- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 4. Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
- 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
- 15. Regulation (EU) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
- 16. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- 17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
- 18. Regulation (EU) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy

#### Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the

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# **SECTION 16. Other information** .../>>

suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product. This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

### CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

Changes to previous review: The following sections were modified: 03 / 09 / 14 / 15.